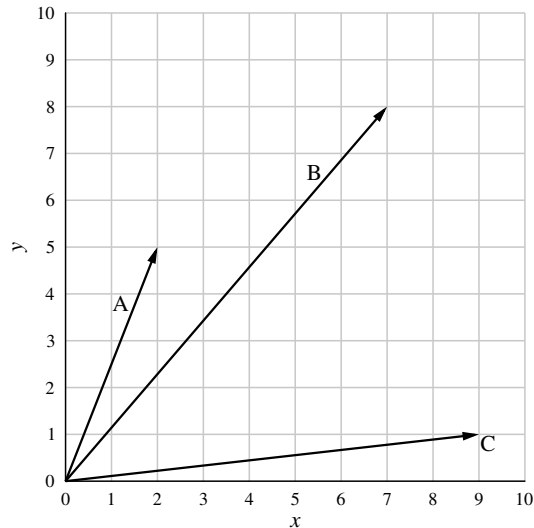


Vectors



i. Below is a graph showing three vectors A, B, C .



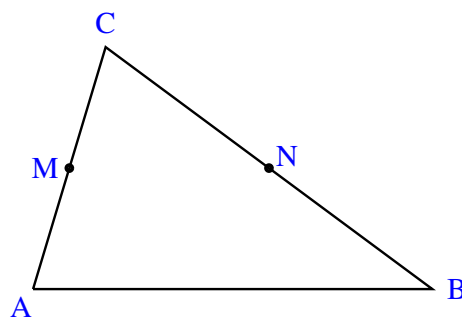
- Write each vector in column notation, relative to the origin.
- Calculate the vector $\mathbf{c} - \mathbf{a}$. Give your answer in column notation.
- Draw the vector $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ on the graph and label it D.

ii. If $\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$, calculate the vector equal to:

- $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$
- $3\mathbf{a}$
- $\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}$
- $-5\mathbf{b}$

iii. In a triangle ABC , M is the midpoint of AC . N is a point on BC , where $BN : NC = 2 : 3$.

$$\vec{AC} = 2\mathbf{a} \text{ and } \vec{AB} = 3\mathbf{b}$$



- Work out \vec{MN} in terms of \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} . Give your answer in its simplest form.
- Use the answer to the first part to explain why MN is not parallel to AB .